Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD

Auditor's Report

H.G.R. (2020) W.Z.No.021042



上海高仁会计师事务所(普通合伙) Shanghai Gaoren Certified Public Accountants

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Auditors' Report

H.G.R. (2020) W.Z.No.021042

To the shareholders of Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD,

I. Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31st, 2020, and the income statement, the cash flow statement and the statement of change in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31st, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises.

II. Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with China Standards on Auditing ("CSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with China Code of Ethics for Certified Public Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

III. Responsibilities of the management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

The management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises, and for designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters

related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

IV. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with CSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are generally considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with CSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (1) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (2) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.
- (3) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- (4) Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (5) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements

represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

(In case of any discrepancy between the Chinese version and the English version of this auditors' report, the Chinese version shall prevail.)

Shanghai gaoren certified public accountants Partnership.

Chinese Certified Public Accountant:

Chinese Certified Public Accountant:

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Shanghai, China

April 2nd, 2020

Corporate finance forms 01.

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Total Non-current Assets Total Current Assets Total Assets Prepared by: Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD Project in progress Biological assets for manufacturing Oil and gas assets Intanglibe assets Research and development expanditure A Other creditor's rights investment Het-LoneLunky investment
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Income Statement

2019.4-2020.3

Corporate finance forms 02

-890,885.03 -890,865.03 -890,865.03 Amount of last year -929,036.71 -929,036,71 -929,036,71 Amount of this year Line No. 48 54 59 63 94 92 99 88 70 71 72 73 46 47 48 50 52 53 92 28 24 28 99 94 62 67 69 1. Other Comprehensive Benefits of Convertible Profits and Losses under Equity Law A Amount of financial assets reclassified into other comprehensive returns 890,865.03 Net of lax amount of other comprehensive income wit buildole to the owner of the parent company : Other comprehensive income will be reclassified into profit & loss "Net after tax of other comprehensive income attributable to minority shareholders Total comprehensive incomes attributable to the owners of the parent company Other comprehensive income will not be reclassified into profit & loss 2. Other Comprehensive Income Which Carl' Transfer Loss and Loss under equity law જે 3.Changes in fair value of investment in other equity instruments ે 6.Credit impairment reserve for other creditor's rights investment 7.Cash Flow Hedging Reserve (Effective part of Cash flow hedging gains and losses 3.Gain or loss of financial assets available for sale at fair value 1.2. Changes in fair value of other creditor's rights investment "Total comprehensive incomes attributable to the minority 8. Converted difference in foreign currency statement 会4.Fair value change of enterprise's credit risk VI., Other net comprehensive income after tax 1.Re-measurement of Benefit Plan Change () Classified by business continuity: Item Continuous operation profit and loss VII., Total comprehensive incomes (__) Diluted earning per share (-) Basic earning per share Stop operating profit and loss VIII. Earning per share: 5. Gants & Losses of Held 5.Other 9.Other 681.47 5,414,46 -890,865.03 472.80 -969.93 890,865.03 891,362,16 -890,865.03 -890,865.03 Amount of last year 895.64 1,248.66 -929,036.71 930,285.37 945,058.29 -14,772.92 19,417.88 -930,285.37 -929,036.71 -929,036.71 Amount of this year Line No. \$ 45 12 17 58 34 38 41 44 9 11 12 13 4 19 60 0 20 22 24 25 28 27 28 39 32 33 35 37 38 33 8 42 51 23 Including: investment income from associated enterprises and Proceeds from disposal of assets (losses listed as "-") **Net exposure hedging income (Losses listed as ".*) Net profit attributable to the owners of parent company Prepared by: Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD AGains/(Losses) from currency exchange ANet insurance policy reserves provided Income/(loss) from change of fair value III., Profit/(loss)from operating activities Including: Party building work funds General and administrative expenses Including: loss on debt restructuring AFee and commission expenses Alnsurance policy dividend paid Including: Interest expenses Ainsurance discharge payment Losses on assets impairment . Total sales from operations AFee and commission income Business tax and surcharges Including: government subsidy gain on debt restructuring (--) Classified by ownership: Including: sales from operations Investment income/(losses) Less: non-operating expenses ☆Loss of credit impairment Including: Cost of operations Net exchange gain Net exchange loss Add: non-operating income AReinsurance expenses A Net claim amount paid Interest income Research expenses II. Total Cost of sales Financial expenses APremiums income A Interest expenses IV. Total profit/(loss) Ainterest income Selling expenses Add: Other income V. Net profit/(loss) Less: Income tax

Head of Accounting Institution:

Head of Accounting:

egal Representative:

2019.4-2020.3

pared by: Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD

Prepared by: Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD					ON ani I	Amount of this year	Amount of last year
Item	Line No.	Amount of this year	Amount of last year	+			
Cash flows from onerating activities:	-	ı	1	Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets intangible assets and other long-term assets	30		
Coast to the second of second and readering of carulose	2			Net cash received from disposal of subsidaries and other entities	£		
TORNING BORNES II DE SONO SONO SONO DE	65			Cash received relating to other investing activities	32		
Net increase of customer deposits and capital kept for oforner company Analysis.	, ,			Sub-total of cash inflows	33	*	•
△Net increase of loans from central bank	£ .			Cash baid for acquisition of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	34		
△ Net increase in funds withdrawn from other financial institutions.	0			Court and for contribution of invaselymente	35		
ΔCash received against original insurance contract	9			Cash paid for acquisition of investments	92		
ANet cash received from reinsurance business	7			A Net increase of loan against pledge	00 10		
A Net increase of client deposit and investment	89			Net Cash paid for acquisition of subsidaries and other entities	3/		
A Net increase of trade financial asset disposal	6			Cash paid relating to other investing activities	38		
and illustrated to be a mineral more selection fee and commission	10			Sub-total of cash outflows	39		,
A Casil Technol as Interest processing to	=			Net cash flows from investing activities	40	,	
ANet increase of inter-bank fund received				III. Cash flows from financing activities:	41	1	1
ANet increase of repurchasing business	71			And the second forms in the second se	42		1,372,537.05
Refund of taxes	13			3	43		
Cash received relating to other operating activities	14	1,732.64	681.47	Including: cash received from minority shareholder capital contribution to substituties	7		
Sub-total of cash inflows	15	1,732.64	681.47	7 Cash received from borrowings	44		
A TOTAL TOTAL AND SOME SAME	16			△Cash received from issue bond	45		
Cash pard for goods and set vices	47			Cash received relating to other financing activities	46		
A Net increase of client trade and advance	1			Sub-total of cash inflows	47		1,372,537.05
ANet increase of savings in central bank and brother company	48				40		
ΔCash paid for original contract claim	19			Cash repayments of borrowings	9 9		
A Cach haid for interest processing fee and commission	20			Cash payments for interest expenses and distribution of dividends or profit	49		
Dozen and for malian dividend	21			Including: dividends or profits distributed by subsidiaries to minority shareholders	90		
Acası palu ol panoj umacıa	22	460,579.79	433,099.12	2 Cash paid relating to other financing activities	51		
Cash paid to and on benail or employees	33		472.80	Sub-total of cash outflows	52	•	
Cash paid for all types of taxes	3 3	30 040 004	475 107 88	Net cash flows from financing activities	53	18	1,372,537.05
Cash paid relating to other operating activities	57	400,010,00	2		5.4	19,417,88	5,414,46
Sub-total of cash outflows	25	940,890.14	908,679.8	908,679.80 IV. Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	5	040 230 83	460 063 18
Net cash flows from operating activities	26	-939,157,50	-907,998.33	>	65	20.802.7818-	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
11 Cash flows from investing activities:	27	1	1	Add: cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	99	1,061,368.84	0231,410,00
Cash received from disposal of investments	28			VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the ends of period	22	141,629.22	1,061,368.84
Cash condition from return on intestments	29				58		
רמפון ופרפואפת ווסוו ופתוו סוו ווספון ופרפואפת ווסוו ופתוו סוו ווספון ופרפואפת ווסוו ופתוו סווו ווספון ופרפואפת		7	Lead of Accounting Ineffitition.				

Legal Representative:

Head of Accounting Institution:

Head of Accounting:

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Statements of Change in Owner's Equity

Corporate finance forms 04 Unit: RMB

176,911.42 -929,036.71 Total shareholder's equity 1,105,948.13 -929,036,71 1,105,948.13 Minority interest 176,911.42 -929,036,71 -929,036.71 1,105,948,13 1,105,948.13 Subtotal T Others -3,791,935.81 2,862,899.10 -2,862,899.10 929,036.71 -929,036.71 Retained earnings H -△General risk provision Surplus reserve Ending Balance this year Special reserve Other comprehensive incomes Owner's Equity of parent Less: Treasure stock İ Head of Accounting Institution: Capital reserve ľ Other equity instruments Sustainable debt Preferred stock Head of Accounting: 3,968,847.23 3,968,847,23 3,968,847.23 Paid-in capital = S 5 125. Other comprehensive income carry-over retained income 3.Amount of share-based payment settled in owner's equity 4. Setting benefit plan change amount to transfer retained income Prepared by: Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD (II) Owner's paid-in capital and capital reduction (III) Appropriation and usage of special reserve #Profit capitalized on return of investment Balance at the end of the previous year IV. Balance at the end of current period III. Increase/(decrease) in current period 2.Appropriation of general risk provision (V) Internal transfer of owner's equity 2.Surplus reserve transferred to capital 3.Surplus reserve makes up for losses 1.Capital reserve transferred to capital 3. Distributions of profit to the investors II. At the beginning of current period Add: Change of accounting policies Including. Statutory surplus reserve () Total comprehensive incomes 1. Appropriation of surpuls reserve Discretionary surplus reserve 1.Owner's invested common share 2. Other equity tool holder's capital #Enterprise expansion fund 1.Appropriation of special reserve Column Item Early errors correction 2.Usage of special reserve (IV) Porfit distributions #Reserve fund Others 4.Others 4.Others

Legal Representative:

Statements of Change in Owner's Equity

2019.4-2020.3

Corporate finance forms 04 Unit RMB

1,105,948.13 1,372,537.05 624,276.11 481,672.02 Total shareholder's equity 624,276,11 -890,865.03 1,372,537.05 30 Minority interest 1 1 1 1 1 1 53 1,105,948.13 481,672.02 -890,865.03 624,276,11 1,372,537.05 1,372,537.05 624,276.11 Subtotal 28 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Others 27 -2,862,899.10 -890,865.03 1,972,034.07 -890,865.03 1,972,034.07 Retained earnings 1 1 1 1 1 56 1 △General risk provision 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 TH 25 Surplus reserve 11 1 1 11 11 1 1 24 Ending Balance last year Special reserve 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 23 Other comprehensive incomes Ď 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 22 Less: Treasure stock 1 1 1 1 11 1 1 1 1 L 1 1 21 Head of Accounting Institution: Capital reserve 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 Others 0 Other equity instruments Sustainable debt 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 18 Head of Accounting: Preferred stock 1 1 1 ١ 1 1 1 1 17 3,968,847.23 2,596,310.18 1,372,537.05 1,372,537.05 1,372,537,05 2,596,310.18 1 Paid-in capital 1 1 1 1 1 1 16 8 8 8 26 28 0 29 22 23 24 53 10 4 60 9 F 12 53 60 8 F 3.Amount of share-based payment settled in owner's equity (II) Owner's paid-in capital and capital reduction (III) Appropriation and usage of special reserve Prepared by: Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD #Profit capitalized on return of investment IV. Balance at the end of current period . Balance at the end of the previous year 4.设定受益计划变动额结转图存收益 III), Increase/(decrease) in current period 2. Appropriation of general risk provision 3.Surplus reserve makes up for losses 1. Capital reserve transferred to capital 2.Surplus reserve transferred to capital 3.Distributions of profit to the investors (V) Internal transfer of owner's equity II. At the beginning of current period 台5.其他综合收益结转留存收益 Including: Statutory surplus reserve Add: Change of accounting policies Discretionary surplus reserve 1. Appropriation of surpuls reserve #Enterprise expansion fund () Total comprehensive incomes 1. Owner's invested common share 2.Other equity tool holder's capital 1. Appropriation of special reserve Column Item Early errors correction 2.Usage of special reserve (IV) Porfit distributions #Reserve fund 6.Others Others 4.Others 4.Others

Please give it your attention: notes to the accounting statements constitute a part of the accounting statement.

I. Company profile

Approved by Shanghai Industrial and Commercial Administration on May 12th, 2015, Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co.,LTD. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") is a wholly foreign-owned enterprises funded by Navin Fluorine International Limited, with a registered capital of USD two million. The corporate representative is SUBBARAO TATA. The business scope covers Chemical raw materials and products import and export, domestic wholesale, commission agent, and provide related technical advisory services and ancillary services.

II. Basis for preparation of financial statements

On a going concern basis, the Company carried out its recognition and measurement work based on the transaction and items actually occurred in accordance with relevant provisions of accounting standards for Small Business Enterprises. It was on this basis that the Company prepared its financial statements.

III. A statement on compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

The Company' financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises, which give, in all material respects, a true and full view of the company's relevant information on financial position, business performance and cash flows.

IV. The Company's major accounting policy and estimates

1. Accounting system

The Company carries out the Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises, and relevant supplementary provisions.

2. Accounting period

The Company's accounting period is from April 1st to March 31st.

3. Reporting currency

The Company's reporting currency is Renminbi (RMB).

4. Accounting basis and principle

The Company's financial accounting is carried out on an accrual basis. Each asset is recorded and measured on a historical cost basis.

5. Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling on the same day when transaction occurs and the balance in each foreign currency account is adjusted after converted into RMB at the year-end market exchange rate. The year-end translation differences of special loan account in foreign currency shall be capitalized according to stipulations and charged in the cost of construction in progress if they were incurred before the fixed asset acquired is ready for the intended use. All the rest translation differences of special loan account in foreign currency are charged in the financial cost.

6. Criteria of cash equivalents recognition

In preparation of the cash flow statement, cash refers to all cash in hand and call deposits. Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly-liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. Accounting method for bad debts

Recognition criteria: In the event that debtor, pursuant to law, files bankruptcy or has been deregistered, found dead, missing and therefore becomes insolvent; and debtor fails to perform the obligation of repayment in due time and it is proved by solid evidence that the relevant amount of money can never be collected, the account receivable in question will be written off after approved by certain authority of the Company.

8. Accounting method for inventories

- (1) Inventories should be recorded at actual cost on acquisition and delivery.
- (2)Low value consumable items should be amortized on a lump-sum basis.
- (3)Perpetual inventory system is adopted in inventory-taking.

9. Valuation and depreciation of fixed assets

- (1) Fixed assets refer to buildings, machinery equipment, transportation facilities and other facilities and tools with useful lives over 1 year and relatively high unit value, which are held for the purpose of production, service provision, lease or operating management.
- (2) Fixed assets are recorded at cost when acquired.
- (3) Scope of depreciation: all fixed assets will be depreciated excluding the equipment that has been fully depreciated but is still in use which is separately evaluated and charged in the account.
- (4)Provision for depreciation of fixed assets shall be made by their categories using the composite

life method. The depreciation rate is determined by the categories of fixed assets, estimated useful years and the estimated net residual value ratio of 5%. Depreciation by categories is as below:

Category	Useful life	Yearly depreciation rate
Electronic equipment	3	31.67%
Vehicle	5	19%

(5) Subsequent expenditure of fixed assets

Any improvement expenditure that can expand the useful life of fixed asset, actually upgrade the quality of products or reduce the product manufacturing cost shall be charged in the original price of fixed asset. Other expenditures saving the aforesaid such as repair expense shall be charged in loss and profit incurred in current period.

10. Principles of revenue recognition

- (1) Revenue from sales of goods: the Company has transferred the major risks of ownership of goods and the corresponding rewards to the buyer; the Company retains neither continuous management right usually related to ownership nor control over the goods sold; business related economic benefits can flow into the Company; relevant income and cost can be measured reliably.
- (2) Revenue from service provision: If the provision of services is started and completed within the same accounting year, revenue should be recognized at the time when service was completed, service charges were received or evidence on cash receipt has been obtained; when the provision of services is started and completed in different accounting years, revenue from service provision should be recognized based on the percentage-of-completion method on the balance sheet date provided that the outcome of a service provision can be estimated reliably.

V. Taxation

Major taxes and tax rates applicable to the Company

Categories of taxes	Basis for computation of tax	Tax rate (%)
Corporate income tax	Taxable income	25%

VI. Associated Parties

If the Company is able to directly or indirectly control and jointly control another party or to exert major impact, or the Company and another party or several parties are under the control of the same party, they are regarded as associated parties.

VII. Notes to major items of financial statements (unit: RMB yuan)

1 Advance to suppliers

Age of account			Balance at the beginning of the per		
118	Balance	%	Balance	%	
Less than one year	3,650.00	100%	9,270.00	100%	
Total	3,650.00	100%	9,270.00	100%	

2. Other receivable

Age of account	Polance at the beginning of the		of the period	
1160	Balance	%	Balance	%
1-2 years	41,100.00	100%	41,100.00	100%
Total	41,100.00	100%	41,100.00	100%

2 Accrued payroll

Item	Balance at the end of the	Balance at the beginning of the period
social insurance premium	4,091.60	2,071.50
housing fund	525.00	465.00
Total	4,616.60	2,536.50

4. Taxes payable

Item	Balance at the end of the period	Balance at the beginning of the period
individual income tax	2,750.00	2,091.11
Total	2,750.00	2,091.11

5. Other payable

Age of account	Balance at the end of the period	Balance at the beginning of the period
Less than one year	2,101.20	1,163.10
Total	2,101.20	1,163.10

6 Paid-in capital

S. Paid-in capital	Dalance at the beginning of		Decrease	Balance at the end of the		
Name of investors	Investment amount		this year	year	Investment amount	Percentage
Navin Fluorine International Limited	3,968,847.23	100%			3,968,847.23	100%
Total	3,968,847.23	100%			3,968,847.23	100%

7. Undistributed profit

.Undistributed profit		Balance at the
Items	Balance at the end of the period	beginning of the period
Opening balance	-2,862,899.10	-1,972,034.07
Increased	-929,036.71	-890,865.03
therein: Net profit Transferred this year	-929,036.71	-890,865.03
Other		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Decreased		
therein: The increase amount of Surplus reserve this period		
General risk provision		
The distribution of Cash Dividends this period		
The distribution of Stock dividend this year		
Other decrease		
Closing balance	-3,791,935.81	-2,862,899.10

8. Non-operating income

Item	Amount incurred in this year	Amount incurred in last yea
government subsidy	1,248.66	
Total	1,248.66	

9.Cash flow statement

I The indirect method:

Items	Balance at the end of the period	Balance at the beginning of the period
1. Conversion of net profit into cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit	-929,036.71	-890,865.03

Items	Balance at the end of the period	Balance at the beginning of the period
Less :Unrealised investment losses		
Add: Provision for impairment loss on assets		
Depreciation of fixed assets		
Amortization of intangible assets		
Decrease (increase) in deferred expenses		
Increase (Decrease) in accrued expenses		
Amortization of long-term deferred expenses		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long term assets		
Loss on discarding of fixed assets (gain is stated in "-")		
Loss on change in fair value (gain is stated in "-")		
Financial cost (gain is stated in "-")		
Loss on investment (gain is stated in "-")		
Decrease in deferred income tax assets (increase is stated in"-")		
Increase in deferred income tax liabilities (decrease is stated in "-")		
Decrease in inventory (increase is stated in"-")		
Decrease in operating receivables (increase is stated in"—")	5,620.00	-9,270.00
Increase in operating payables(decrease is stated in"-")	3,677.09	-2,448.84
Others	-19,417.88	-5,414.46
Net cash flow from operating activities	-939,157.50	-907,998.33
2.Investing and Financing Activities that do not Involve Cash Receipts and Payments:		
Conversion of debt into capital		
Reclassification of convertible bonds expiring within one year as current liability		
Fixed assets acquired under finance leases		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	141,629.22	1,061,368.84
Cash at the end of the period	1,061,368.84	591,415.66
Less: cash at the beginning of the year	1,001,000,04	
Add: cash equivalents at the end of the period		
Less: cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	040 700 00	460 0E2 41
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-919,739.62	469,953.1

II. Monetary capital

II. Monetary capital	Balance at the	Balance at the
items	end of the period	begin of the period
Cash	141,629.22	1,061,368.84
Including: Cash in hands		
Cash in bank 14		1,061,368.84
Other monetary funds		and the state of t
Cash equivalents		
Including: bond investments maturing within three months		
Cash and cash equivalents	141,629.22	1,061,368.84
Including:Restricted cash and cash equivalents in Parent company or subsidiaries of the Group		

VIII. Business with Associated Party

Associated Party:

Name of Associated Party	Place of Registration	Shareholding ratio %	
Navin Fluorine International Limited	India	100%	

IX. Others to be explained

None.

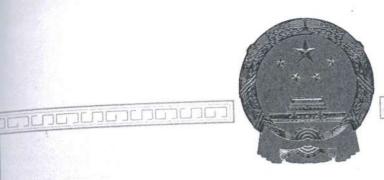
X. Events after the balance sheet date

None.

XI. Approval of the financial statements

The Financial Statement of this term has been confirmed by the corporation's directorate .

Navin fluorine (Shanghai) Co., LTD



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中国(上海)自由贸易试验区

统一社会信用代码 91310115586792817H 证照编号 41000000201706270158

上海高仁会计师事务所(普通合伙)

普通合伙企业 型

主要经营场所

中国(上海)自由贸易试验区祖冲之路 1559 号 2幢 1002室

执行事务合伙人

高龙伟

期

2011年12月2日

限

2011年12月2日至 不约定期限

范 营 韦 审查企业会计报表,出具审计报告;验证企业资本,出具验资报 告;办理企业合并、分立、清算事宜中的审计业务,出具有关报 告;基本建设年度财务决算审计;代理记帐;会计咨询、税务咨 询、管理咨询、会计培训; 法律、法规规定的其他业务。

【依法须经批准的项目,经相关部门批准后方可开展经营活动】



登记 机关

2017年