Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

<u>for</u>

MANCHESTER ORGANICS LIMITED

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Company Information FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

DIRECTORS:

Mr V P Mafatlal Mr R R Welling

Mr S J Baird

REGISTERED OFFICE:

The Heath Business & Technical Park

Runcorn Cheshire WA7 4QX

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03290939 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Butler & Co LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Third Floor

126-134 Baker Street

London W1U 6UE

BANKERS:

Lloyds Bank Plc

Citymark

150 Fountainbridge Edinburgh EH3 9PE

Report of the Directors FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of research, development, manufacture and supply of speciality chemicals.

DIVIDENDS

The directors propose to declare a final dividend of £Nil (2018: £75,000).

DIRECTORS

Mr V P Mafatlal has held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2018 to the date of this report.

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Mr S S Khanolkar - resigned 12 October 2018 Dr V Kabakov - resigned 14 December 2018 Mr R R Welling - appointed 1 March 2019 Mr S J Baird - appointed 1 March 2019

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company's financial instruments comprise cash and liquid resources, various items such as trade debtors, trade creditors etc that arise directly from its operations. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the company's financial instruments are liquidity risk, credit risk, and market risk.

Liquidity risk

The company has to manage the financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably. Short-term flexibility is achieved by group company support.

Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency transaction exposures arising on internal and external trade flows are not generally hedged. The company's objective is to minimise the exposure of overseas trade to transaction risk by matching local currency income with local currency costs where possible.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's and or its parent company's website.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

AUDITORS

The auditors, Butler & Co LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr R R Welling - Director

Date: 5 May, 2019

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Manchester Organics Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Manchester Organics Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Manchester Organics Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities . This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Sanjeev Phadke (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Butler & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

& Statutory Auditor
Third Floor

126-134 Baker Street

London
WIU 6UE
Date: 5 May 2019

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Income Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
REVENUE	3	4,568,086	4,674,221
Cost of sales		3,034,203	2,798,010
GROSS PROFIT		1,533,883	1,876,211
Administrative expenses		1,787,590	1,672,711
		(253,707)	203,500
Other operating income		(2,376)	6
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	6	(256,083)	203,506
Interest receivable and similar income		555	50
		(255,528)	203,556
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	1-1	436
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(255,528)	203,120
Tax on (loss)/profit	8	(52,461)	(61,851)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(203,067)	264,971

Other Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Notes	2019 £	2018 £
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	(203,067)	264,971
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		_
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(203,067)	264,971

MANCHESTER ORGANICS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03290939)

Statement of Financial Position 31 MARCH 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					ACMANO DATEMAN
Property, plant and equipment	10		592,802		683,167
CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventories	11	2,104,082		2,325,622	
Debtors	12	947,152		1,453,678	
Cash at bank and in hand		164,248		259,991	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		38.57.50. 2 7.55.55.51			
		3,215,482		4,039,291	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	13	770,591		1,392,337	
				-	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,444,891		2,646,954
MOTAL ACCIONAL POC CLIPDENT					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			2 027 602		3,330,121
LIABILITIES			3,037,693		3,330,121
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	15		99,838		114,199
THO VISIONS FOR EMISIENTES	13				
NET ASSETS			2,937,855		3,215,922
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		100		100
Share premium	17		54,990		54,990
Retained earnings	17		2,882,765		3,160,832
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,937,855		3,215,922

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 5 May, 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr R R Welling - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

			£
100	2,895,861	54,990	2,950,951
100	3,160,832	54,990	264,971 3,215,922
- - 100	(75,000) (203,067) 	54,990	(75,000) (203,067) 2,937,855
	100	- 264,971 100 3,160,832 - (75,000) - (203,067)	- 264,971 - 100 3,160,832 54,990 - (75,000) - (203,067) -

Statement of Cash Flows FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

		2019	2018
	otes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Tax paid	1	146,353	181,125 (436) 20,496
Net cash from operating activities		146,353	201,185
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest received		(60,052) 555	(285,734) 50
Net cash from investing activities		(59,497)	(285,684)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Share issue		(w)	100
Advance from group company Equity dividends paid		(107,599) (75,000)	200,000
Net cash from financing activities		(182,599)	200,100

(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(95,743)	115,601
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	259,991	144,390
		The second second	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	164,248	259,991

Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. RECONCILIATION OF (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2019	2018
	£	£
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(255,528)	203,120
Depreciation charges	148,041	153,124
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2,376	W
Finance costs	=	436
Finance income	(555)	(50)
	(105,666)	356,630
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	221,540	(613,844)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	627,225	(23,995)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors	(596,746)	462,334
Cash generated from operations	146,353	181,125

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Vear	ended	31	March	2019

	31/3/19	1/4/18
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	164,248	259,991
Year ended 31 March 2018		
	31/3/18	1/4/17
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	259,991	147,541
Bank overdrafts	•	(3,151)
	259,991	144,390

Notes to the Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Manchester Organics Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Revenue is recognised on the sale of goods when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of goods have passed to the buyer and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue on goods delivered is recognised when the customer accepts delivery.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Laboratory equipment

- 10% and 25% on straight line

Fixtures and fittings

- 10% on straight line

Computer equipment

- 20% on straight line

Stocks and work-in-progress

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

The company's budgets and projections suggest that the company will be well placed to manage its business risks successfully. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

3. REVENUE

The revenue and loss (2018 - profit) before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of revenue by geographical market is given below:

	United Kingdom Europe	2019 24.45% 40.09%	2018 31.11% 34.51%
	United States of America Rest of the World	14.14% 21.33%	13.58% 20.80%
		100.00%	100.00%
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2010	2018
		2019 £	£
	Wages and salaries	1,593,669	1,597,985
	Social security costs	100,156	109,555
	Other pension costs	21,397	92,045
		1,715,222	1,799,585
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	and a sought manage of company one dating and year was as some me	2019	2018
	Production	19	26
	Administration	24	20
			-
		43	46
5.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	82,167	30,000
			-

During the year, directors received benefits in kind of £Nil (2018: £Nil) and pension of £1,560 (2018: £300).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

6. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating loss (2018 - operating profit) is stated after charging:

	Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration for non audit work Foreign exchange differences	2019 £ 148,041 13,800 2,975 1,167	2018 £ 153,124 13,800 2,975 15,367
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2019 £	2018 £
	Other interest		436
8.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax credit The tax credit on the loss for the year was as follows: Current tax:	2019 £	2018 £
	UK corporation tax	(33,000)	(48,325)
	Corporation tax - PYA	(5,100)	(20,496)
	Total current tax	(38,100)	(68,821)
	Deferred tax	(14,361)	6,970
	Tax on (loss)/profit	(52,461)	(61,851)

Reconciliation of total tax credit included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2019 £	2018 £
(Loss)/profit before tax	(255,528) ======	203,120
(Loss)/profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%)	(48,550)	38,593
Effects of:	12	90
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	78	94
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	8	(12,332)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	13,909	-
Profit or Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	451	5.52
R&D enhanced credits	(26,730)	(62,370)
Group relief	=	(12,310)
Other - PYA	(5,100)	(20,496)
Deferred tax charge	(14,361)	6,970
Losses c/f	27,842	-
200000 0.1		
Total tax credit	(52,461)	(61,851)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

9.	DIVIDENDS			2019	2018
	Ordinary shares of £0.01 each			£	£
	Dividends Paid			75,000	
10.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Totals
	COST	£	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2018 Additions	1,649,441 55,817	41,273 1,466	92,640 2,769	1,783,354 60,052
	Disposals	(96,000)		-	(96,000)
	At 31 March 2019	1,609,258	42,739	95,409	1,747,406
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 April 2018	1,020,812	38,850	40,525	1,100,187
	Charge for year	132,009	402	15,630	148,041
	Eliminated on disposal	(93,624)	**	<u> </u>	(93,624)
	At 31 March 2019	1,059,197	39,252	56,155	1,154,604
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 March 2019	550,061	3,487	39,254	592,802
	At 31 March 2018	628,629	2,423	52,115	683,167
11.	INVENTORIES				
				2019	2018
	Raw materials			£ 144,611	£ 104,105
	Work-in-progress			24,561	197,860
	Traded goods			1,934,910	2,023,657
				100 00 00 00	
				2,104,082	2,325,622
12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE VEAR			
12.	DEBTORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE TEAK		2019	2018
				£	£
	Trade debtors			567,535	987,162
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			88,113	5,514
	Other debtors			22,543	
	Tax			86,425	48,325
	VAT			52,587 129,949	305,262 107,415
	Prepayments			123,343	107,413
				947,152	1,453,678

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

12	CREDITORS.	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE Y	EAD		
13.	CREDITORS: A	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE Y	EAK	2019	2018
				£	£
	Trade creditors			418,430	497,504
	Sales ledger cred	lit balances		56,223	290,460
	Amounts owed to	o group undertakings		175,000	200,000
	Social security as			46,337	45,462
	Pension fund cor	ntrol A/c		E STATE OF THE STA	7,429
	Other creditors			243	309
	Net wages			æ	858
	Accrued expense	es		74,358	350,315
					No. of the second second
				770,591	1,392,337
				,	
14.	LEASING AGE		within an arrange		
	The following of	perating lease payments are committed to be paid	within one year.		
			2019		2018
			£		£
	Expiring:				
		five years - Others	-		6,784
	In more than five	e years - Land & buildings	348,960		348,960
			348,960		355,744
15.	PROVISIONS	FOR LIABILITIES			
				2019	2018
				£	£
	Deferred tax			99,838	114,199
					Deferred
					tax
					£
	Balance at 1 Apr	il 2018			114,199
	Provided during				(14,361)
					-
	Balance at 31 Ma	arch 2019			99,838
16.	CALLED UPS	HARE CAPITAL			
10.	STEELD OF S				
	Allottod incd	and fully paids			
	Allotted, issued		Name:1	2010	2010
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2019	2018
	10.000	0.1	value:	£	£
	10,000	Ordinary	£0.01	100	100

Each share is entitled to one vote and entitled to dividend payment or any other distribution on a pari passu basis including distribution arising from a winding up of the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

17. RESERVES

RESERVES	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Totals £
At 1 April 2018 Deficit for the year Dividends	3,160,832 (203,067) (75,000)	54,990	3,215,822 (203,067) (75,000)
At 31 March 2019	2,882,765	54,990	2,937,755

18. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate controlling party and ultimate parent company is Navin Fluorine International Limited, a company registered in India.

Navin Fluorine International Limited is the parent undertaking of the only group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared. These financial statements may be obtained by the public at 2nd floor Sunteck Centre, 37/40 Subhash Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400057, India.

Trading and Profit and Loss Account FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	2019	2018			
	£	£	£	£	
Sales		4,568,086		4,674,221	
Cost of sales					
Opening stock	2,325,622		1,711,778		
Purchases	2,200,961		2,778,100		
Production salaries	611,702		633,754		

	5,138,285		5,123,632		
Closing stock	(2,079,521)		(2,127,762)		
Closing work in progress	(24,561)		(197,860)		
		3,034,203	A	2,798,010	
CD CCC DD CEIT		1 522 882		1.976.211	
GROSS PROFIT		1,533,883		1,876,211	
Other income			.g		
Sundry receipts	(2.25()		6		
Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	(2,376)		-		
Deposit account interest	555	(1,821)	50	56	
		(1,021)		A decision of the second of th	
		1,532,062		1,876,267	
Expenditure					
Salaries	899,800		934,231		
Social security	90,555		105,718		
Pensions	21,397		92,045		
Company Health Plan	12,736		15,960		
Directors' salaries	82,167		30,000		
Directors' social security	9,601		3,837		
Rent	383,550		351,953		
Telephone	13,584		16,229		
Post and stationery	17,489		12,949		
Travelling	73,655		68,768		
Motor expenses	11,012		3,887		
Repairs and renewals	77,056		27,974		
Household and cleaning	6,867		5,827		
Computer costs	7,833		10,041		
Motor car leasing rentals	6,765		6,784 9,150		
Sundry expenses	16,006 45,186		36,857		
Training and recruitment Redundancy costs- settlement	5,000		8,800		
Accountancy	3,000		5,400		
Consultancy fees	38,418		22,713		
Subscription	2,987		812		
Legal fees	3,447		5,541		
Auditors' remuneration	13,800		13,800		
Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	2,975		2,975		
Foreign exchange losses	1,167		15,367		
Entertainment	413		497		
Bad debts	6,012		21,261		
Promotions and exhibitions	73,463		81,182		
Group cost recharges	(365,706)		(472,868)		
Insurance	58,637		62,788		
		1,618,872		1,500,478	
		(0(010)		275 700	
Carried forward		(86,810)		375,789	

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Trading and Profit and Loss Account FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	2019		2018	
Brought forward	£	£ (86,810)	£	£ 375,789
Finance costs Bank charges Other interest	20,677	20,677	19,109 436	19,545
		(107,487)		356,244
Depreciation Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment	132,009 402 15,630	148,041	137,412 503 15,209	153,124
NET (LOSS)/PROFIT		(255,528)		203,120

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